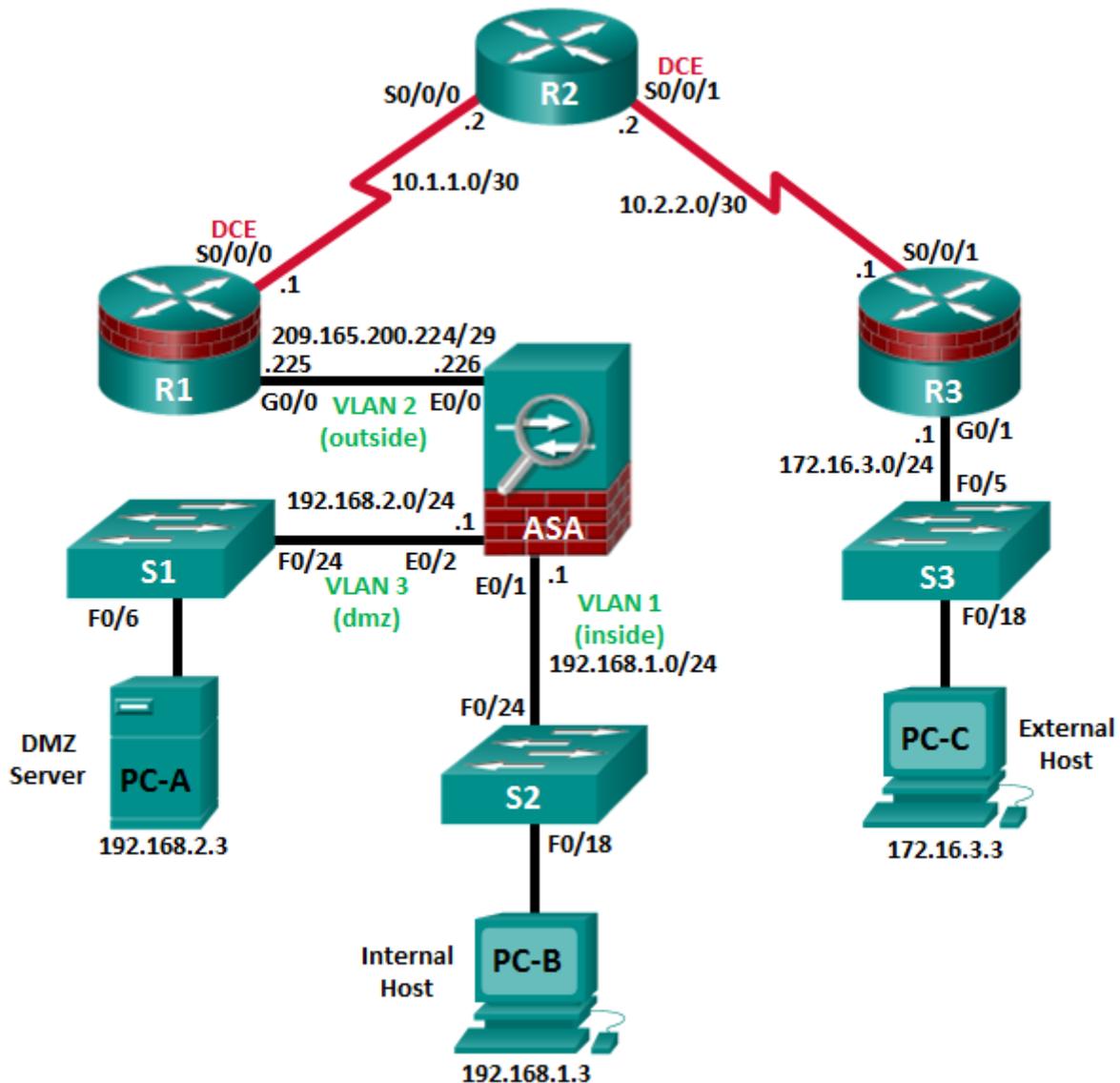


CCNA Security

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM (Instructor Version)

Instructor Note: Red font color or gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

Topology



Note: ISR G1 devices use FastEthernet interfaces instead of GigabitEthernet interfaces.

IP Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Switch Port
R1	G0/0	209.165.200.225	255.255.255.248	N/A	ASA E0/0
	S0/0/0 (DCE)	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
R2	S0/0/0	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
	S0/0/1 (DCE)	10.2.2.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
R3	G0/1	172.16.3.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	S3 F0/5
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
ASA	VLAN 1 (E0/1)	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	NA	S2 F0/24
	VLAN 2 (E0/0)	209.165.200.226	255.255.255.248	NA	R1 G0/0
	VLAN 3 (E0/2)	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	NA	S1 F0/24
PC-A	NIC	192.168.2.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1	S1 F0/6
PC-B	NIC	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	S2 F0/18
PC-C	NIC	172.16.3.3	255.255.255.0	172.16.3.1	S3 F0/18

Objectives

Part 1: Basic Router/Switch/PC Configuration

- Cable the network and clear previous device settings, as shown in the topology.
- Configure basic settings for routers.
- Configure PC host IP settings.
- Verify connectivity.
- Save the basic running configuration for each router and switch.

Part 2: Access the ASA Console and ASDM

- Access the ASA console.
- Clear the previous ASA configuration settings.
- Bypass Setup mode.
- Configure the ASA by using the CLI script.
- Access ASDM.

Part 3: Configuring AnyConnect Client SSL VPN Remote Access Using ASDM

- Start the VPN wizard.
- Specify the VPN encryption protocol.
- Specify the client image to upload to AnyConnect users.
- Configure AAA local authentication.
- Configure the client address assignment.
- Configure the network name resolution.

- Exempt address translation for VPN traffic.
- Review the AnyConnect client deployment details.
- Review the Summary screen and apply the configuration to the ASA.

Part 4: Connecting to an AnyConnect SSL VPN

- Verify the AnyConnect client profile.
- Log in from the remote host.
- Perform platform detection (if required).
- Perform an automatic installation of the AnyConnect VPN Client (if required).
- Manually install the AnyConnect VPN Client (if required).
- Confirm VPN connectivity.

Background/Scenario

In addition to stateful firewall and other security features, the ASA can provide both site-to-site and remote access VPN functionality. The ASA provides two main deployment modes that are found in Cisco SSL remote access VPN solutions:

- **Clientless SSL VPN** - A clientless, browser-based VPN that lets users establish a secure, remote-access VPN tunnel to the ASA and use a web browser and built-in SSL to protect VPN traffic. After authentication, users are presented with a portal page and can access specific, predefined internal resources from the portal.
- **Client-Based SSL VPN** - A client-based VPN that provides full-tunnel SSL VPN connection, but requires a VPN client application to be installed on the remote host. After authentication, users can access any internal resource as if they were physically on the local network. The ASA supports both SSL and IPsec client-based VPNs.

In Part 1 of this lab, you will configure the topology and non-ASA devices. In Part 2, you will prepare the ASA for ASDM access. In Part 3, you will use the ASDM VPN wizard to configure an AnyConnect client-based SSL remote access VPN. In Part 4 you will establish a connection and verify connectivity.

Your company has two locations connected to an ISP. R1 represents a CPE device managed by the ISP. R2 represents an intermediate Internet router. R3 connects users at the remote branch office to the ISP. The ASA is an edge security device that connects the internal corporate network and DMZ to the ISP while providing NAT services to inside hosts.

Management has asked you to provide VPN access to teleworkers using the ASA as a VPN concentrator. They want you to test the client-based model using SSL and the Cisco AnyConnect client.

Note: The router commands and output in this lab are from a Cisco 1941 router with Cisco IOS Release 15.4(3)M2 (with a Security Technology Package license). Other routers and Cisco IOS versions can be used. See the Router Interface Summary Table at the end of the lab to determine which interface identifiers to use based on the equipment in the lab. Depending on the router model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and the output produced might vary from what is shown in this lab.

The ASA used with this lab is a Cisco model 5505 with an 8-port integrated switch, running OS version 9.2(3) and ASDM version 7.4(1) and comes with a Base license that allows a maximum of three VLANs.

Instructor Note: AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client release 4.1 or later is recommended. Instructions for installing AnyConnect Client packages to ASA flash are provided in the Chapter 0.0.0.0 lab.

Note: Before beginning, ensure that the routers and switches have been erased and have no startup configurations.

Instructor Note: Instructions for erasing switches and routers are provided in the Chapter 0.0.0.0 lab.

Required Resources

- 1 ASA 5505 (OS version 9.2(3) and ASDM version 7.4(1) and Base license or comparable)
- 3 routers (Cisco 1941 with Cisco IOS Release 15.4(3)M2 image with a Security Technology package license)
- 3 switches (Cisco 2960 or comparable) (not required)
- 3 PCs (Windows 7 or Windows 8.1, with SSH client software installed)
- Serial and Ethernet cables, as shown in the topology
- Console cables to configure Cisco networking devices

Part 1: Basic Router/Switch/PC Configuration

In Part 1, you will set up the network topology and configure basic settings on the routers such as interface IP addresses and static routing.

Note: Do not configure any ASA settings at this time.

Step 1: Cable the network and clear previous device settings.

Attach the devices shown in the topology diagram and cable as necessary. Ensure that the routers and switches have been erased and have no startup configurations.

Step 2: Configure R1 using the CLI script.

In this step, you will use the following CLI script to configure basic settings on R1. Copy and paste the basic configuration script commands listed below. Observe the messages as the commands are applied to ensure that there are no warnings or errors.

Note: Depending on the router model, interfaces might be numbered differently than those listed. You might need to alter the designations accordingly.

Note: Passwords in this task are set to a minimum of 10 characters and are relatively simple for the purposes of performing the lab. More complex passwords are recommended in a production network.

```
hostname R1
security passwords min-length 10
enable algorithm-type scrypt secret cisco12345
username admin01 algorithm-type scrypt secret admin01pass
ip domain name ccnasecurity.com
line con 0
  login local
  exec-timeout 5 0
  logging synchronous
exit
line vty 0 4
  login local
  transport input ssh
  exec-timeout 5 0
  logging synchronous
exit
interface gigabitethernet 0/0
  ip address 209.165.200.225 255.255.255.248
```

```
no shut
exit
int serial 0/0/0
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.252
clock rate 2000000
no shut
exit
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Serial0/0/0
crypto key generate rsa general-keys modulus 1024
```

Step 3: Configure R2 using the CLI script.

In this step, you will use the following CLI script to configure basic settings on R2. Copy and paste the basic configuration script commands listed below. Observe the messages as the commands are applied to ensure that there are no warnings or errors.

```
hostname R2
security passwords min-length 10
enable algorithm-type scrypt secret cisco12345
username admin01 algorithm-type scrypt secret admin01pass
ip domain name ccnasecurity.com
line con 0
login local
exec-timeout 5 0
logging synchronous
exit
line vty 0 4
login local
transport input ssh
exec-timeout 5 0
logging synchronous
exit
interface serial 0/0/0
ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.252
no shut
exit
interface serial 0/0/1
ip address 10.2.2.2 255.255.255.252
clock rate 2000000
no shut
exit
ip route 209.165.200.224 255.255.255.248 Serial0/0/0
ip route 172.16.3.0 255.255.255.0 Serial0/0/1
crypto key generate rsa general-keys modulus 1024
```

Step 4: Configure R3 using the CLI script.

In this step, you will use the following CLI script to configure basic settings on R3. Copy and paste the basic configuration script commands listed below. Observe the messages as the commands are applied to ensure that there are no warnings or errors.

```
hostname R3
security passwords min-length 10
enable algorithm-type scrypt secret cisco12345
username admin01 algorithm-type scrypt secret admin01pass
ip domain name ccnasecurity.com
line con 0
  login local
  exec-timeout 5 0
  logging synchronous
exit
line vty 0 4
  login local
  transport input ssh
  exec-timeout 5 0
  logging synchronous
exit
interface gigabitethernet 0/1
  ip address 172.16.3.1 255.255.255.0
  no shut
exit
int serial 0/0/1
  ip address 10.2.2.1 255.255.255.252
  no shut
exit
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Serial0/0/1
crypto key generate rsa general-keys modulus 1024
```

Step 5: Configure PC host IP settings.

Configure a static IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway for PC-A, PC-B, and PC-C as shown in the IP Addressing table.

Step 6: Verify connectivity.

The ASA is the focal point for the network zones, and it has not yet been configured. Therefore, there will be no connectivity between devices that are connected to it. However, PC-C should be able to ping the R1 interface G0/0. From PC-C, ping the R1 G0/0 IP address (**209.165.200.225**). If these pings are unsuccessful, troubleshoot the basic device configurations before continuing.

Note: If you can ping from PC-C to R1 G0/0 and S0/0/0, you have demonstrated that static routing is configured and functioning correctly.

Step 7: Save the basic running configuration for each router and switch.

Part 2: Accessing the ASA Console and ASDM

Step 1: Clear the previous ASA configuration settings.

- a. Use the **write erase** command to remove the **startup-config** file from flash memory.

Note: The **erase startup-config** IOS command is not supported on the ASA.

- b. Use the **reload** command to restart the ASA. This causes the ASA to display in CLI Setup mode. If you see the **System config has been modified. Save? [Y]es/[N]o:** message, type **n**, and press **Enter**.

Step 2: Bypass Setup mode.

When the ASA completes the reload process, it should detect that the startup configuration file is missing and go into Setup mode. If it does not go into Setup mode, repeat Step 2.

- a. When prompted to preconfigure the firewall through interactive prompts (Setup mode), respond with **no**.
- b. Enter privileged EXEC mode with the **enable** command. The password should be kept blank (no password).

Step 3: Configure the ASA by using the CLI script.

In this step, you will use a CLI script to configure basic settings, the firewall, and the DMZ.

- a. Use the **show run** command to confirm that there is no previous configuration in the ASA other than the defaults that the ASA automatically inserts.
- b. Enter global configuration mode. When prompted to enable anonymous call-home reporting, respond **no**.
- c. Copy and paste the Pre-VPN Configuration Script commands listed below at the ASA global configuration mode prompt to start configuring the SSL VPNs.

Observe the messages as the commands are applied to ensure that there are no warnings or errors. If prompted to replace the RSA key pair, respond **yes**.

```
hostname CCNAS-ASA
domain-name ccnasecurity.com
enable password cisco12345
interface Ethernet0/0
  switchport access vlan 2
  no shut
interface Ethernet0/1
  switchport access vlan 1
  no shut
interface Ethernet0/2
  switchport access vlan 3
  no shut
interface Vlan1
  nameif inside
  security-level 100
  ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
interface Vlan2
  nameif outside
  security-level 0
  ip address 209.165.200.226 255.255.255.248
```

```
interface Vlan3
  no forward interface Vlan1
  nameif dmz
  security-level 70
  ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
object network inside-net
  subnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
object network dmz-server
  host 192.168.2.3
access-list OUTSIDE-DMZ extended permit ip any host 192.168.2.3
object network inside-net
  nat (inside,outside) dynamic interface
object network dmz-server
  nat (dmz,outside) static 209.165.200.227
access-group OUTSIDE-DMZ in interface outside
route outside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.165.200.225 1
username admin01 password admin01pass
aaa authentication telnet console LOCAL
aaa authentication ssh console LOCAL
aaa authentication http console LOCAL
http server enable
http 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 inside
ssh 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 inside
telnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 inside
telnet timeout 10
ssh timeout 10
class-map inspection_default
  match default-inspection-traffic
policy-map global_policy
  class inspection_default
    inspect icmp
crypto key generate rsa modulus 1024
```

- d. At the privileged EXEC mode prompt, issue the **write mem** (or **copy run start**) command to save the running configuration to the startup configuration and the RSA keys to non-volatile memory.

Step 4: Access ASDM.

- a. Open a browser on PC-B and test the HTTPS access to the ASA by entering <https://192.168.1.1>. After entering the <https://192.168.1.1> URL, you should see a security warning about the website security certificate. Click **Continue to this website**. Click **Yes** for any other security warnings.

Note: Specify the HTTPS protocol in the URL.

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

b. At the ASDM welcome page, click **Run ASDM**. The ASDM-IDM Launcher will display.



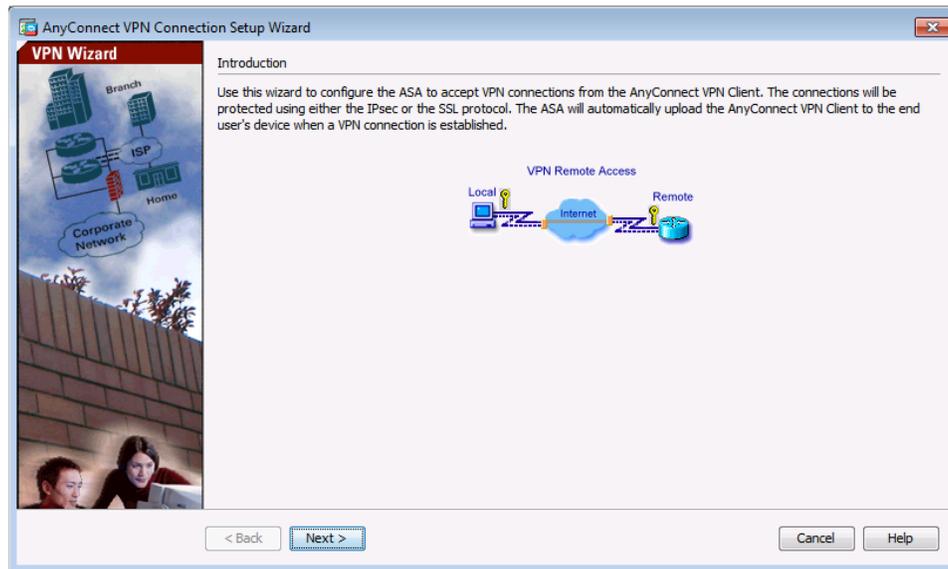
c. Log in as user **admin01** with the password **admin01pass**.



Part 3: Configuring AnyConnect SSL VPN Remote Access Using ASDM

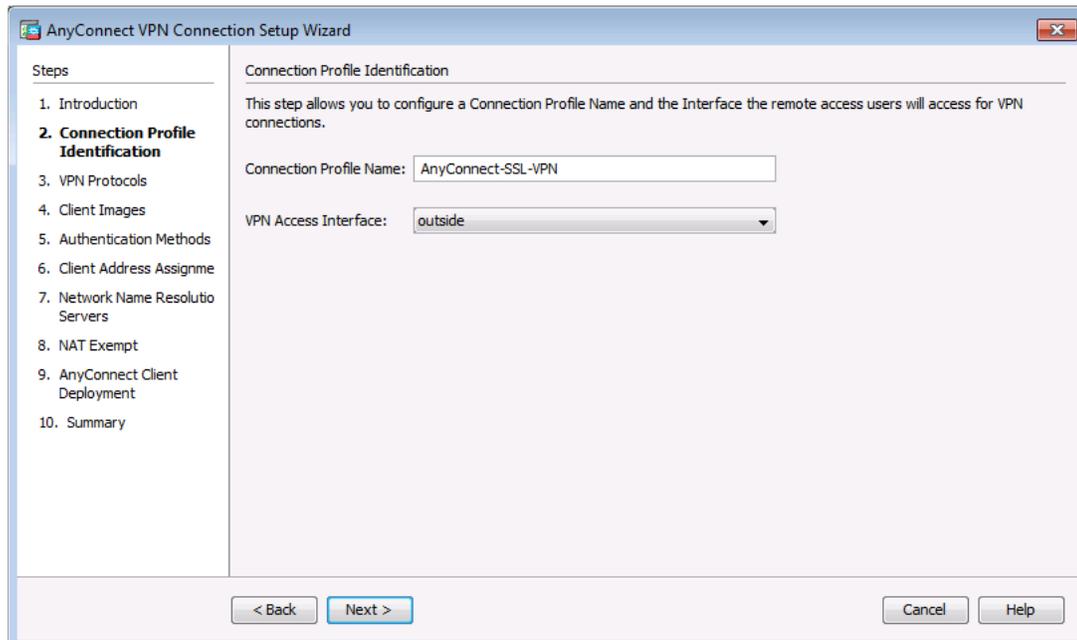
Step 1: Start the VPN wizard.

- On the ASDM main menu, click **Wizards > VPN Wizards > AnyConnect VPN Wizard**.
- Review the on-screen text and topology diagram. Click **Next** to continue.



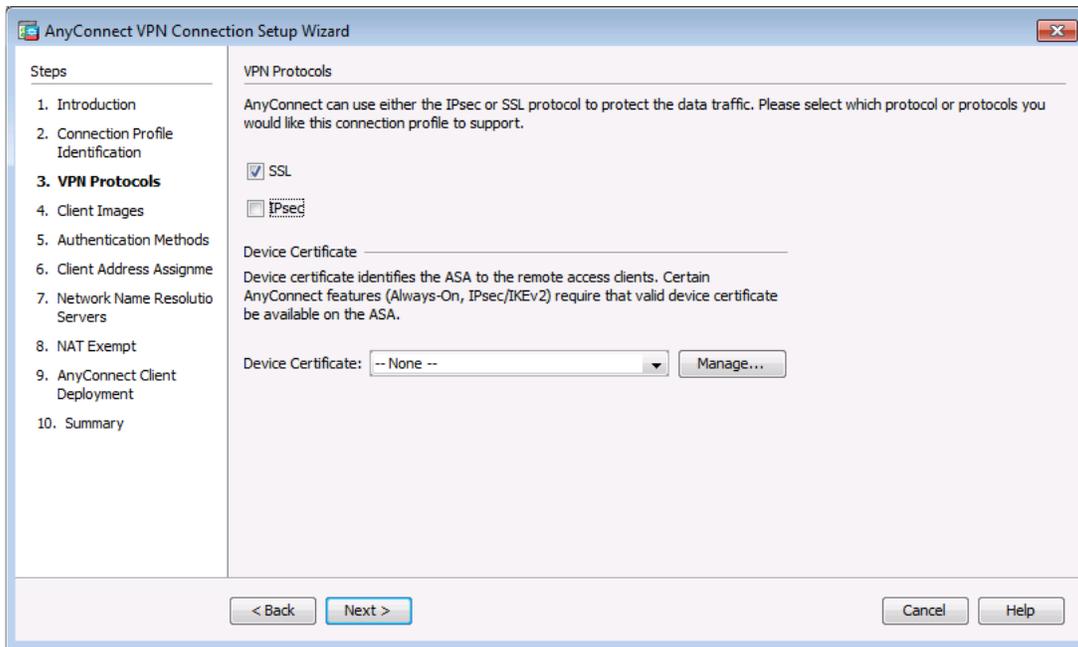
Step 2: Configure the SSL VPN interface connection profile.

On the Connection Profile Identification screen, enter **AnyConnect-SSL-VPN** as the Connection Profile Name and specify the **outside** interface as the VPN Access Interface. Click **Next** to continue.



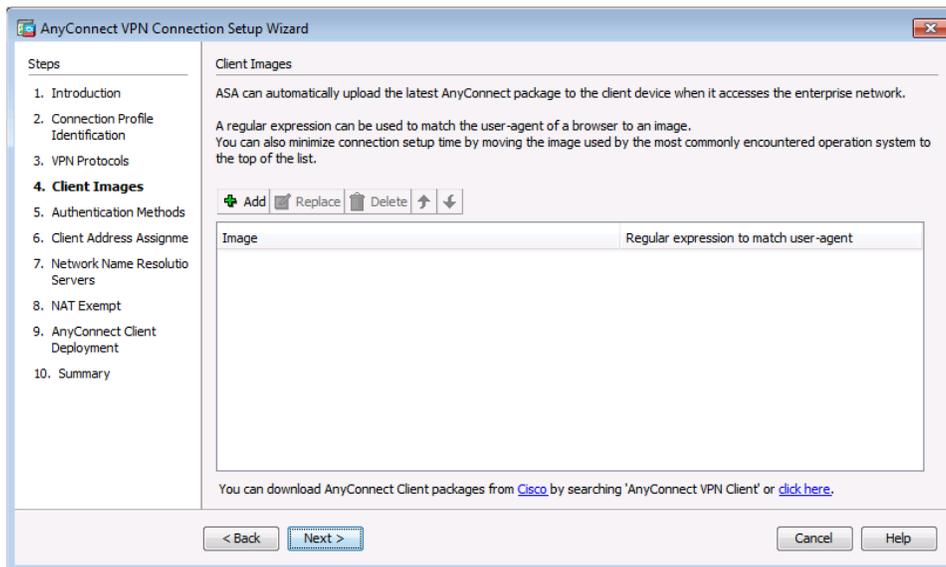
Step 3: Specify the VPN encryption protocol.

On the VPN Protocols screen, uncheck the **IPsec** check box and leave the **SSL** check box checked. Do not specify a device certificate. Click **Next** to continue.



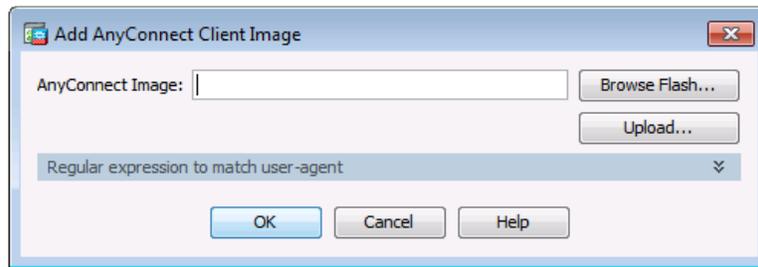
Step 4: Specify the client image to upload to AnyConnect users.

a. On the Client Images screen, click **Add** to specify the AnyConnect client image filename.

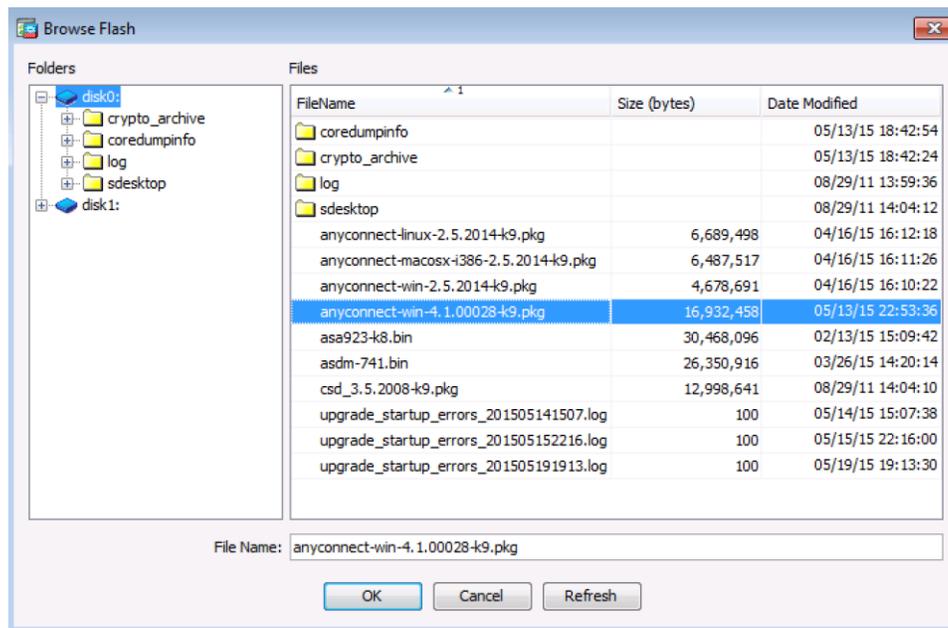


Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

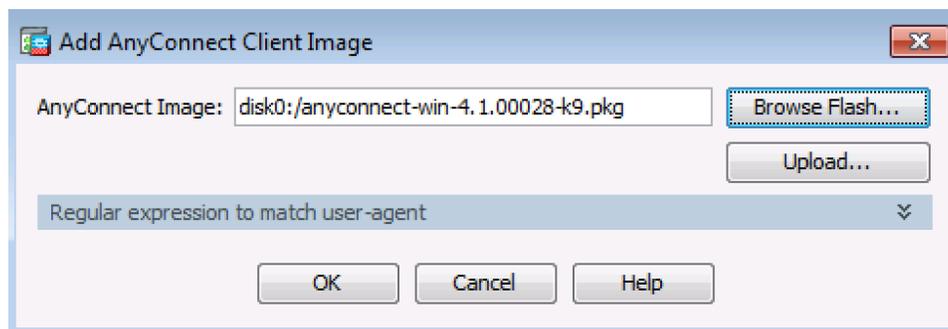
- b. In the Add AnyConnect Client Image window, click **Browse Flash**.



- c. In the Browse Flash window, select the AnyConnect package file for Windows (**anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg**, in the example). Click **OK** to return to the AnyConnect Client Image window.

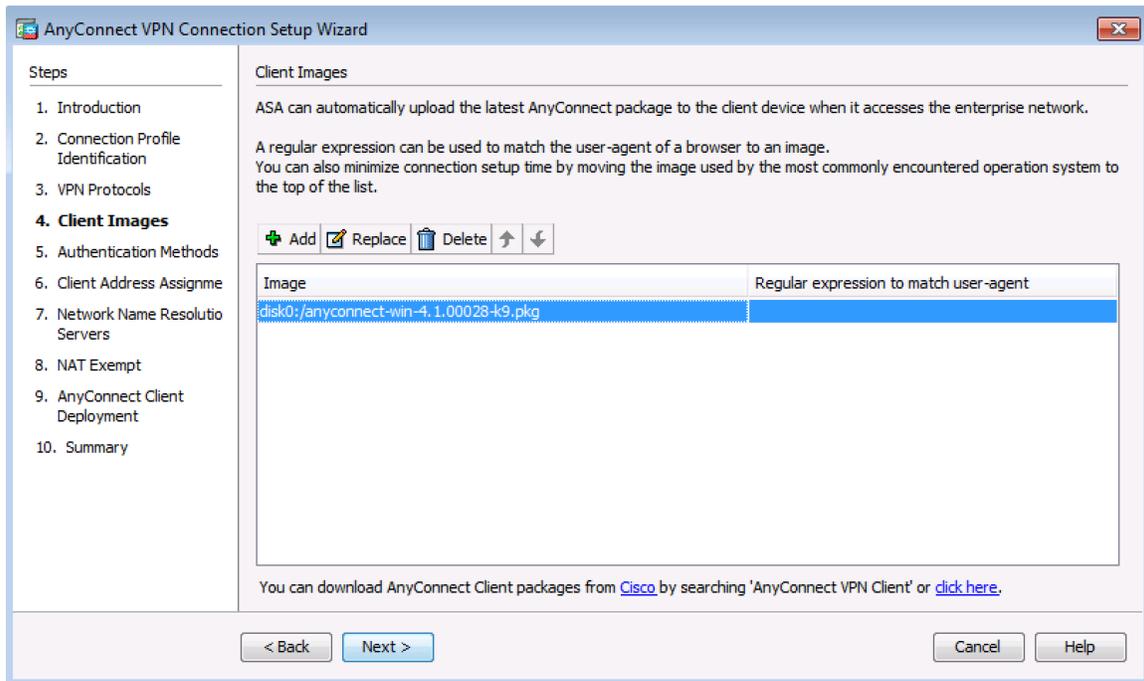


- d. Click **OK** again to return to the Client Image window.



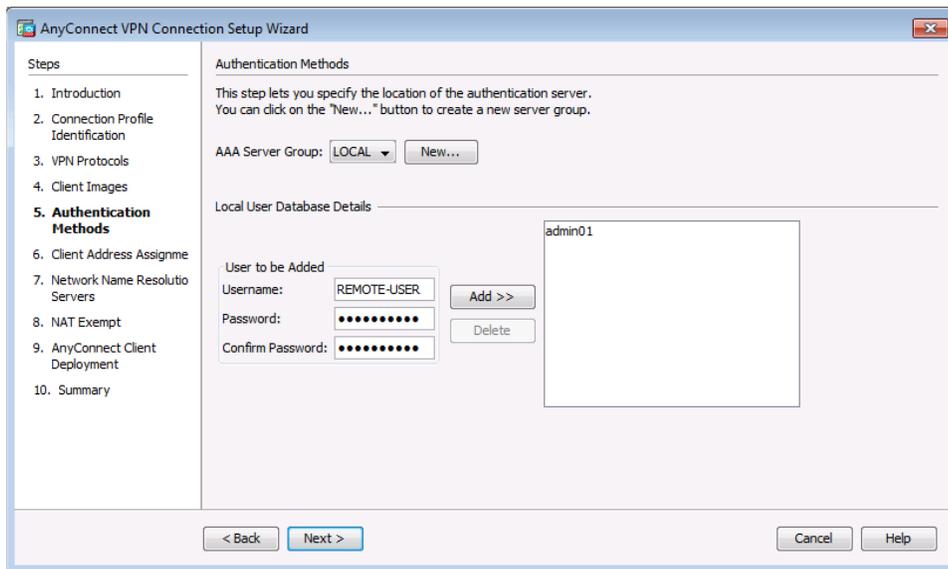
Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

- e. The selected image is now displayed on the Client Image window. Click **Next** to continue.



Step 5: Configure AAA local authentication.

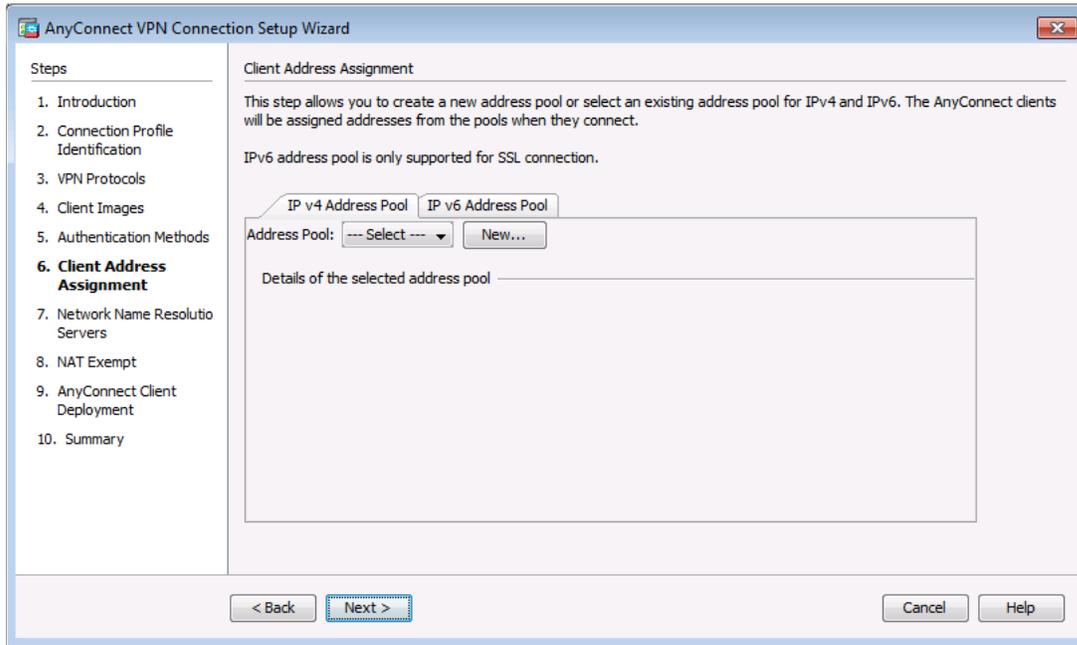
- a. On the Authentication Methods screen, ensure that the AAA Server Group is specified as **LOCAL**.
- b. Enter a new user named **REMOTE-USER** with the password **cisco12345**. Click **Add**.



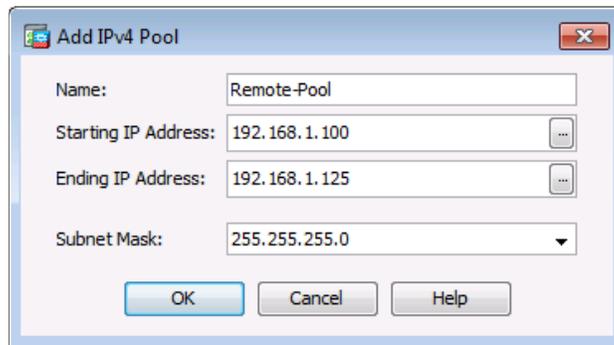
- c. Click **Next** to continue.

Step 6: Configure the client address assignment.

- a. In the Client Address Assignment window, click **New** to create an IPv4 address pool.

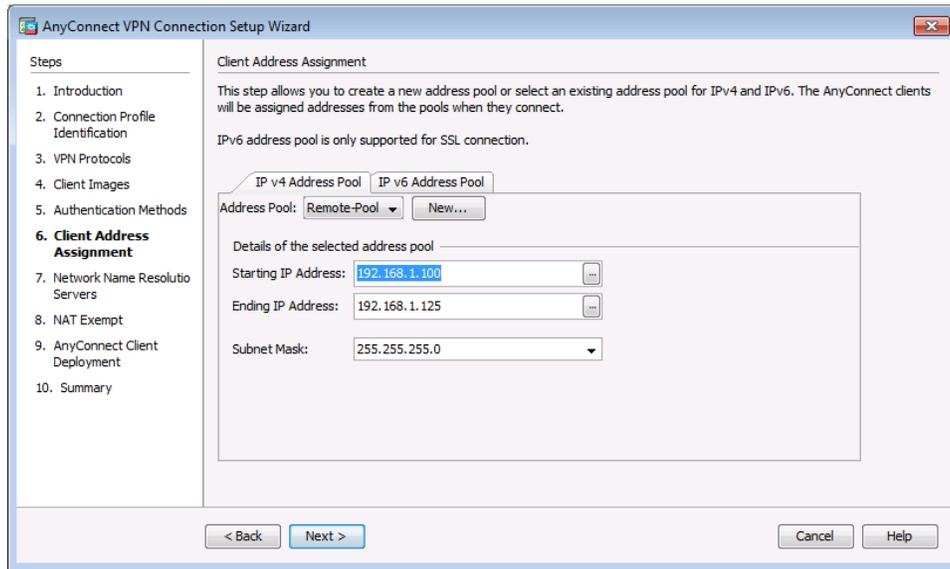


- b. In the Add IPv4 Pool window, name the pool **Remote-Pool** with a starting IP address of **192.168.1.100**, an ending IP address of **192.168.1.125**, and a subnet mask of **255.255.255.0**. Click **OK** to return to the Client Address Assignment window, which now displays the newly created remote user IP address pool.



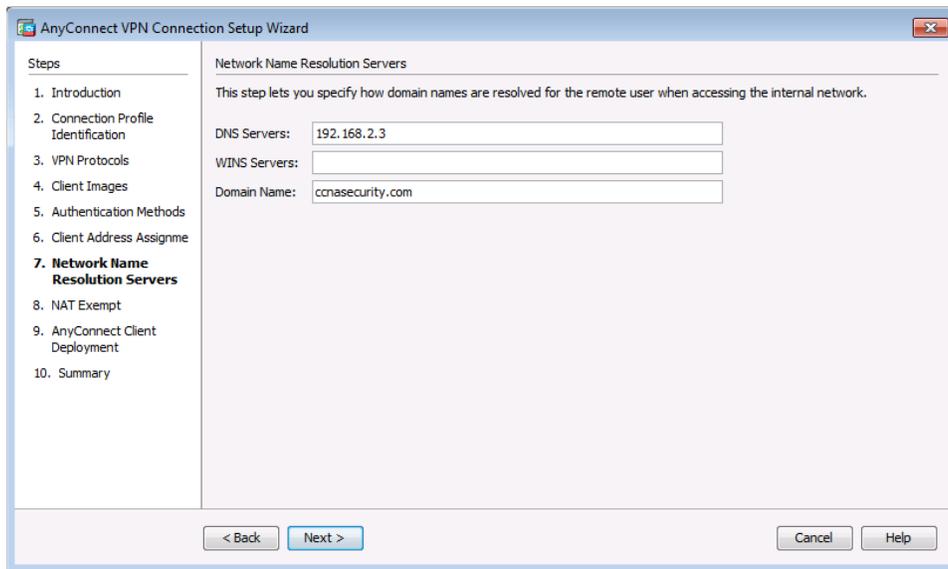
Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

- c. The Client Address Assignment window now displays the newly created remote user IP address pool. Click **Next** to continue.



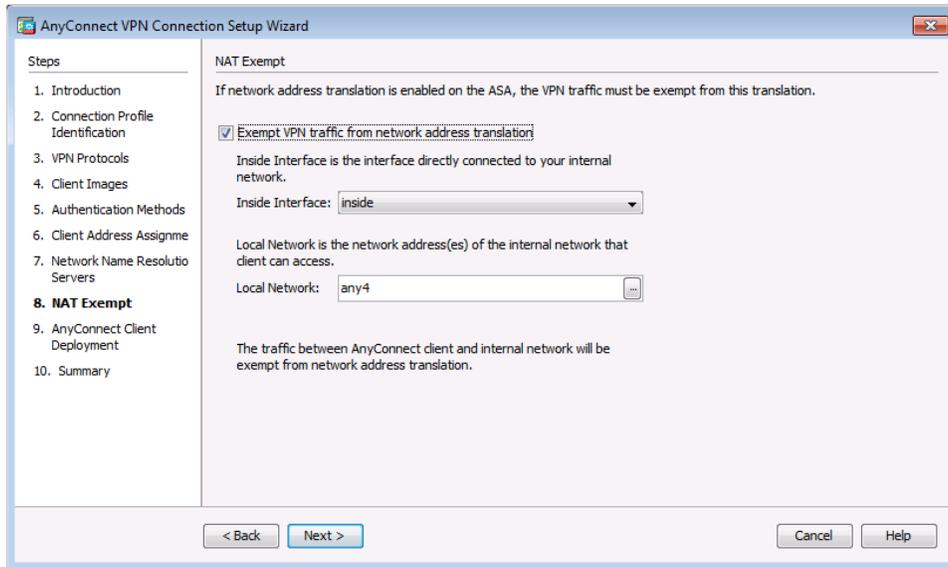
Step 7: Configure the network name resolution.

On the Network Name Resolution Servers screen, enter the IP address of a DNS server (192.168.2.3). Leave the current domain name as **ccnasecurity.com**. Click **Next** to continue.



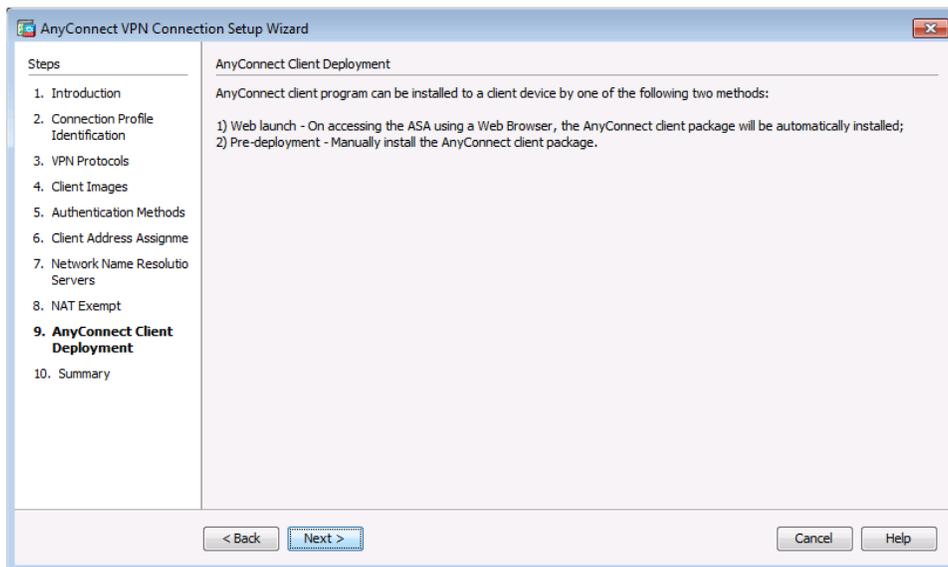
Step 8: Exempt address translation for VPN traffic.

On the NAT Exempt screen, click the **Exempt VPN traffic from network address translation** check box. Do not change the default entries for the Inside Interface (**inside**) and the Local Network (**any4**). Click **Next** to continue.



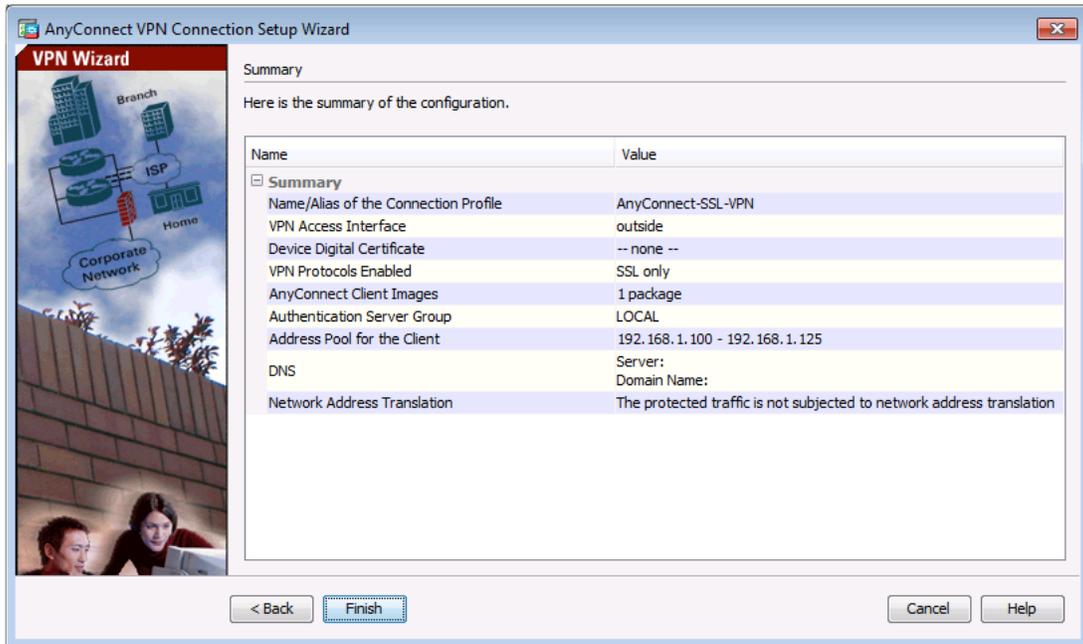
Step 9: Review the AnyConnect client deployment details.

On the AnyConnect Client Deployment screen, read the text describing the options, and then click **Next** to continue.



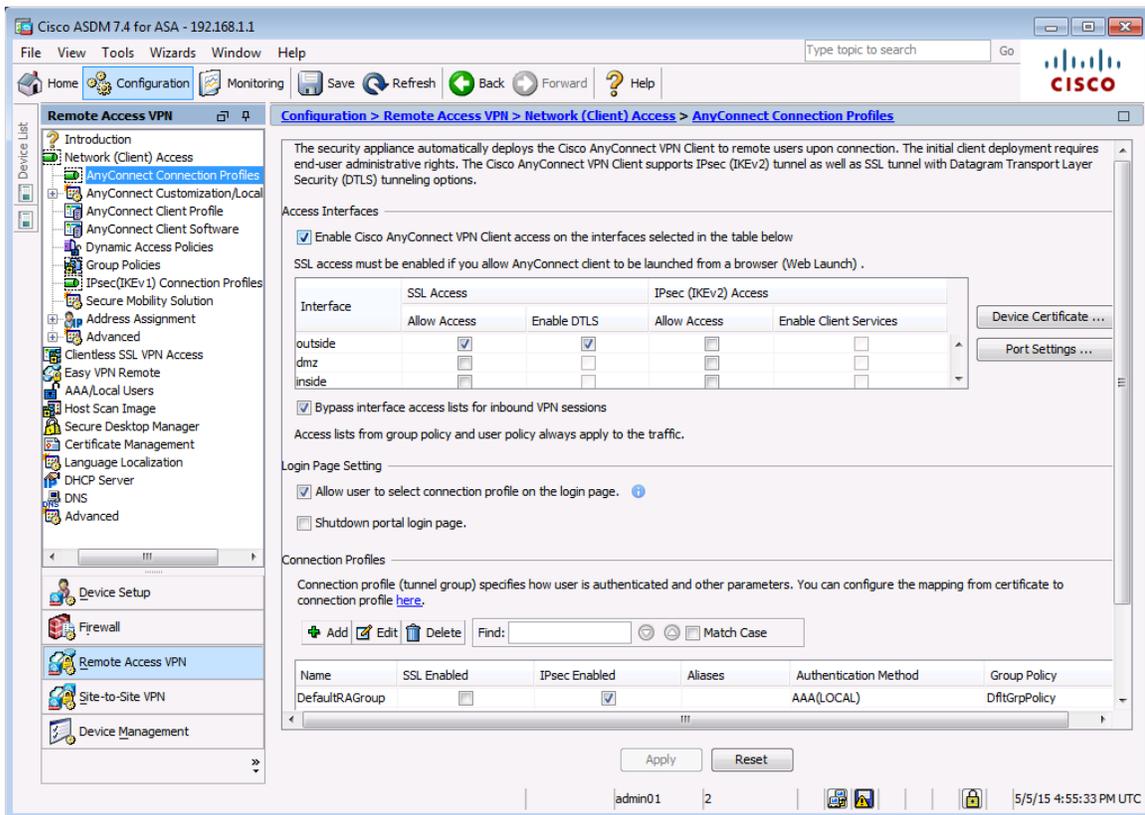
Step 10: Review the Summary screen and apply the configuration to the ASA.

On the Summary screen, review the configuration description and then click **Finish**.



Step 11: Verify the AnyConnect client profile.

After the configuration is delivered to the ASA, the AnyConnect Connection Profiles screen displays.



Part 4: Connecting to an AnyConnect SSL VPN

Step 1: Log in from the remote host.

- Initially, you will establish a clientless SSL VPN connection to the ASA in order to download the AnyConnect client software. Open a web browser on PC-C. In the address field of the browser, enter **https://209.165.200.226** for the SSL VPN. SSL is required to connect to the ASA, therefore, use secure HTTP (HTTPS).
- Enter the previously created username **REMOTE-USER** with the password **cisco12345**. Click **Logon** to continue.



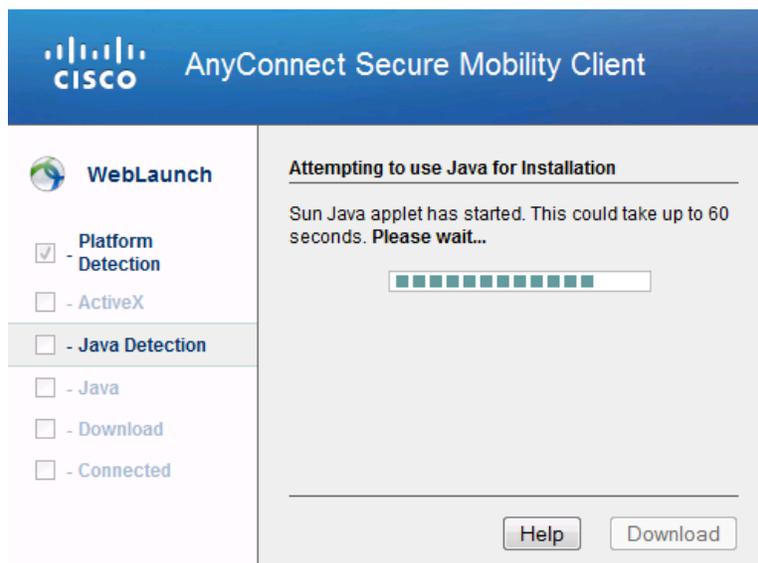
Note: The ASA may request confirmation that this is a trusted site. If requested, click **Yes** to proceed.

Step 2: Perform platform detection (if required).

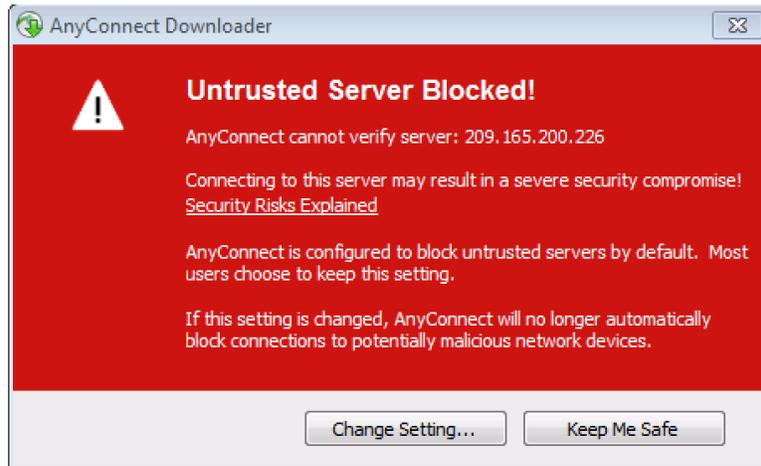
If the AnyConnect client must be downloaded, a security warning will display on the remote host. The ASA will detect whether ActiveX is available on the host system. In order for ActiveX to operate properly with the Cisco ASA, it is important that the security appliance is added as a trusted network site.

Note: If ActiveX is not detected, the AnyConnect client software must be manually downloaded and installed. Skip to **Step 3** for instructions on how to manually download the AnyConnect client software.

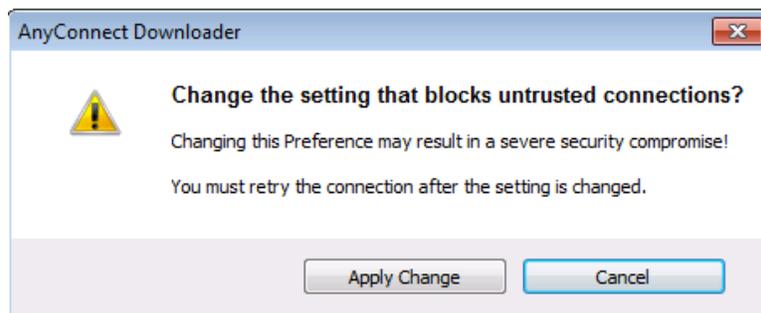
- The ASA will begin a software auto-download process consisting of a series of compliance checks for the target system. The ASA performs the platform detection by querying the client system in an attempt to identify the type of client connecting to the security appliance. Based on the platform that is identified, the proper software package may be auto-downloaded.



- b. If you are presented with the AnyConnect Downloader window that indicates the 209.165.200.226 AnyConnect server could not be verified, click the **Change Setting** button.



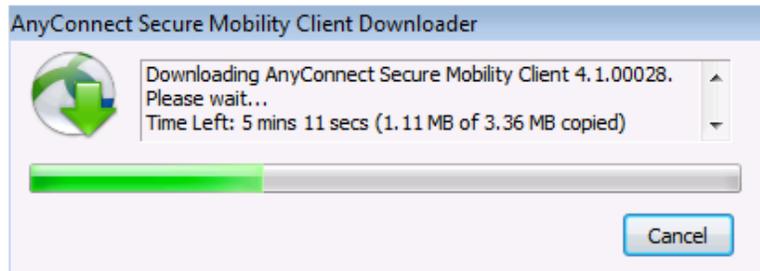
- c. The AnyConnect Downloader will present a verification window to change the setting that blocks untrusted connections. Click **Apply Change**.



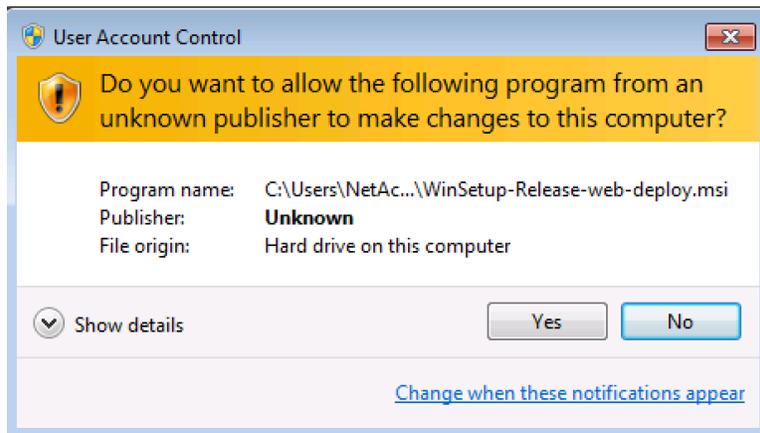
- d. If you receive the Security Warning: Untrusted Server Certificate message, Click **Connect Anyway**.



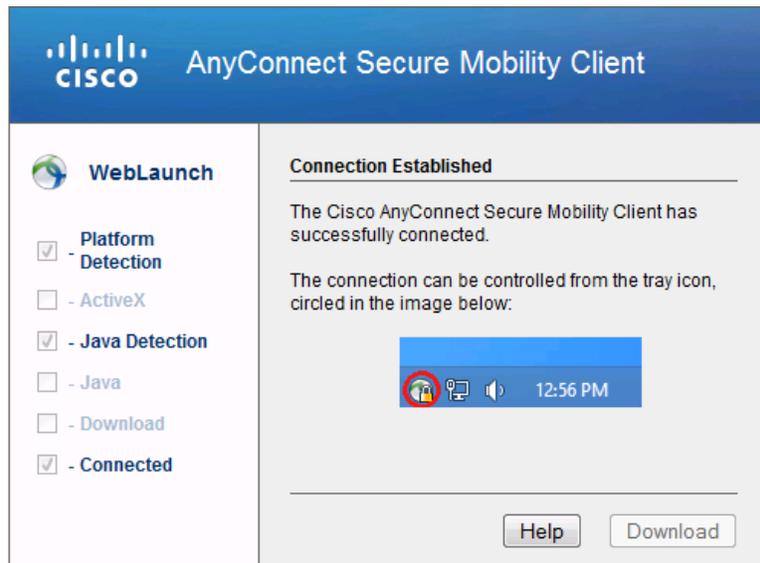
- e. The AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client Downloader window counts down the download time.



- f. After the download is complete, the software will automatically start to install. Click **Yes** when asked to allow the program to make changes to the computer.



- g. When installation is complete, the AnyConnect client will establish the SSL VPN connection.



- h. If the Connected option in the panel on the left is checked, skip to **Step 5**. If the Connect option is not checked, continue to **Step 3**.

Step 3: Install the AnyConnect VPN Client (if required).

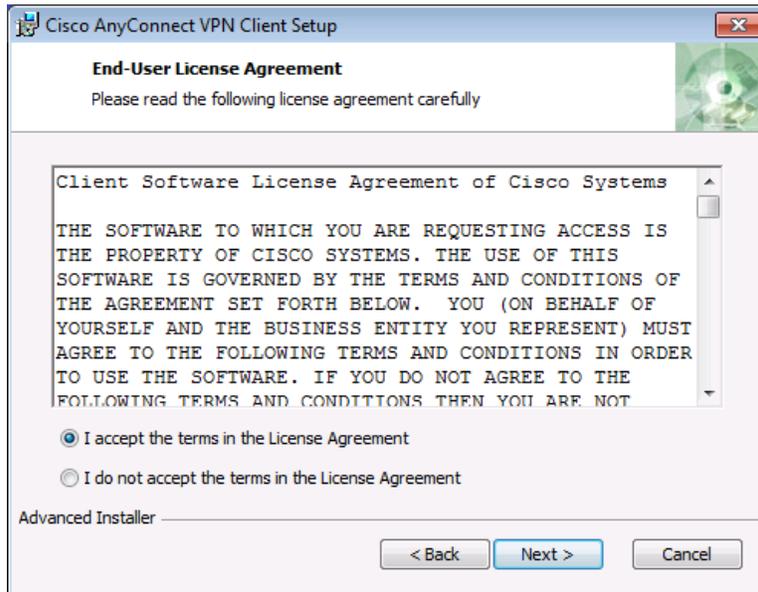
If ActiveX is not detected, the AnyConnect client software must be manually downloaded and installed.



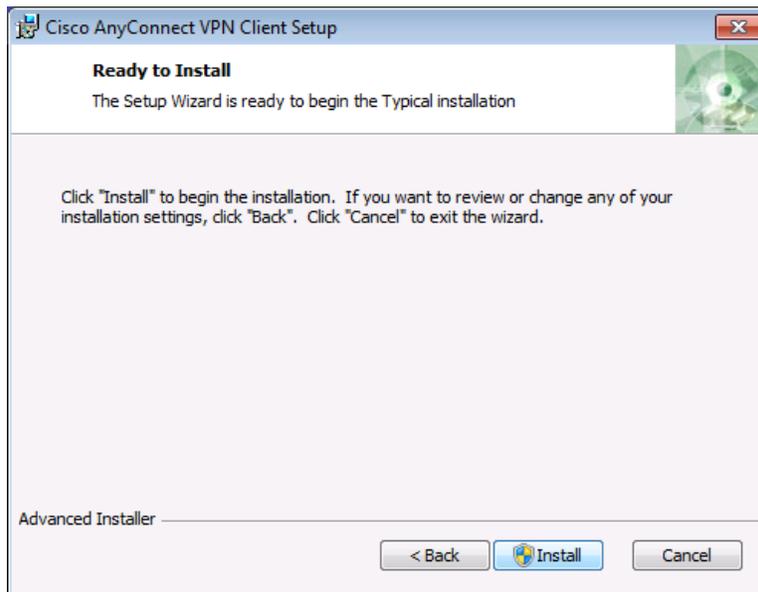
- a. On the Manual Installation screen, click **Windows 7/Vista/64/XP**.
- b. Click **Run** to install the AnyConnect VPN client.
- c. After the download is complete, the Cisco AnyConnect VPN Client Setup starts. Click **Next** to continue.



- d. Read the End-User License Agreement. Select **I accept the terms in the License Agreement** and click **Next** to continue.

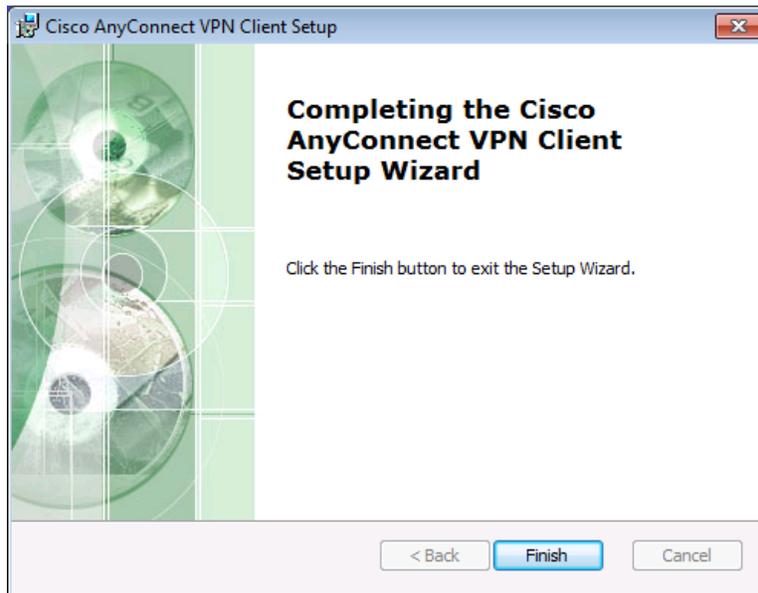


- e. The Ready to Install window is displayed. Click **Install** to continue.



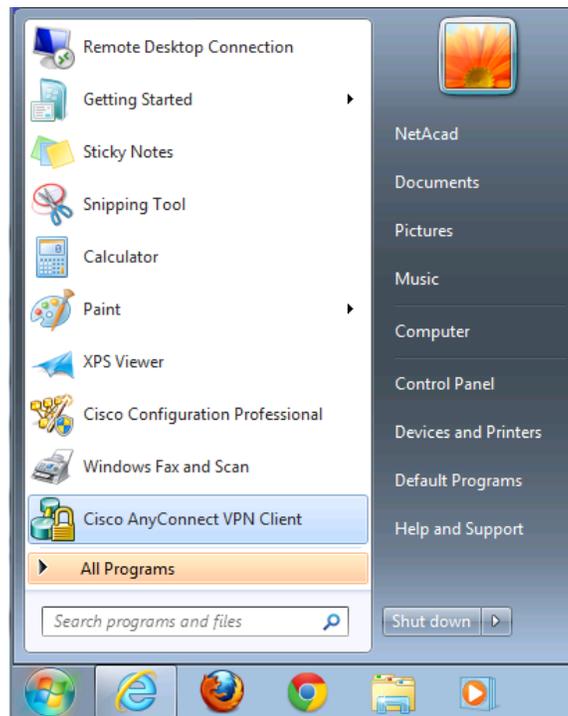
Note: If a security warning is displayed, click **Yes** to continue.

- f. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.



Step 4: Establish an AnyConnect SSL VPN Connection.

- a. When the AnyConnect VPN client has been installed, manually start the program by clicking **Start > Cisco AnyConnect VPN Client**.

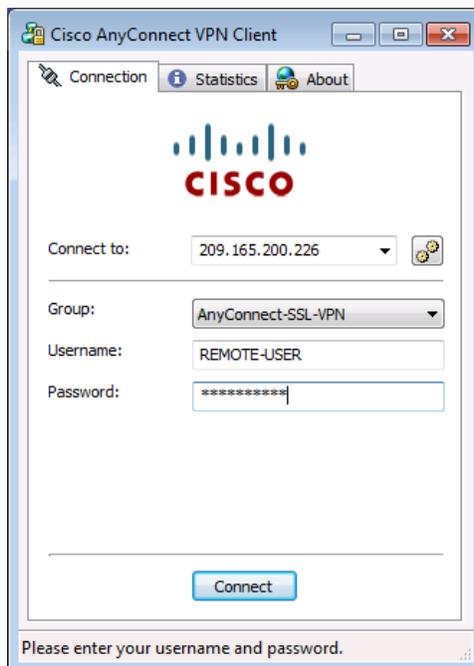


- b. When prompted to enter the secure gateway address, enter **209.165.200.226** in the Connect to field, and click **Select**.



Note: If a security warning is displayed, click **Yes** to proceed.

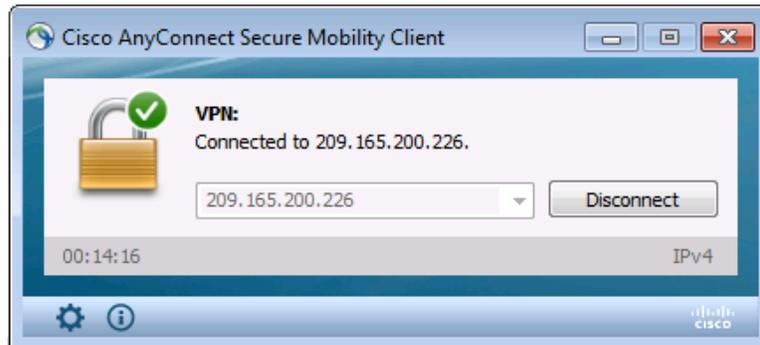
- c. When prompted, enter **REMOTE-USER** for the username and **cisco12345** as the password.



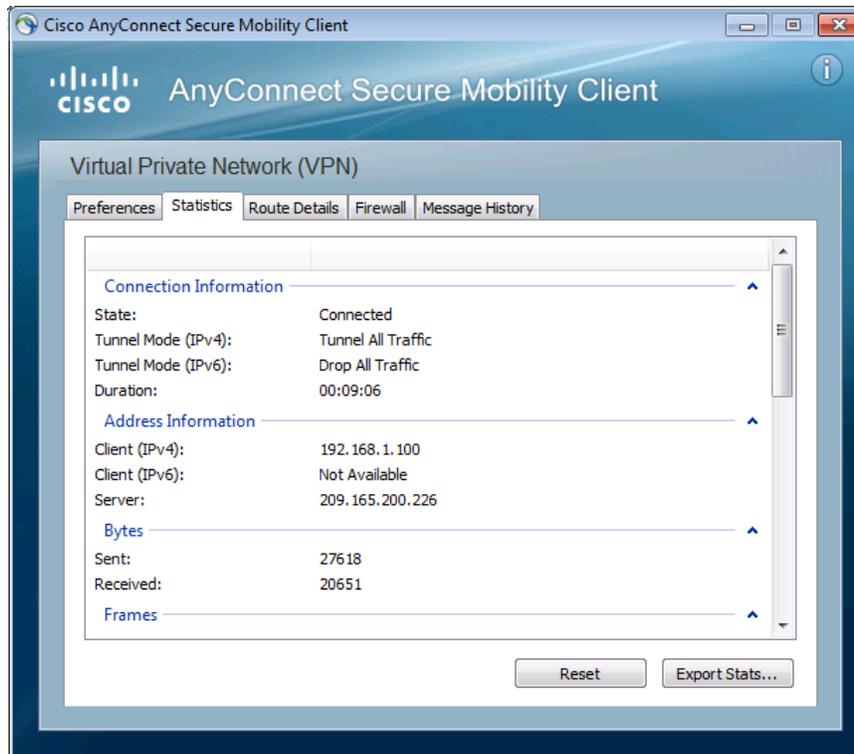
Step 5: Confirm VPN connectivity.

When the full tunnel SSL VPN connection is established, an icon will appear in the system tray that signifies that the client has successfully connected to the SSL VPN network.

- a. Display connection statistics and information by double-clicking the **AnyConnect** icon in the system tray. You will be able to disconnect the SSN VPN session from here. **Do Not** click **Disconnect** at this time. Click the **gear icon** at the bottom left corner of the Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility client window.



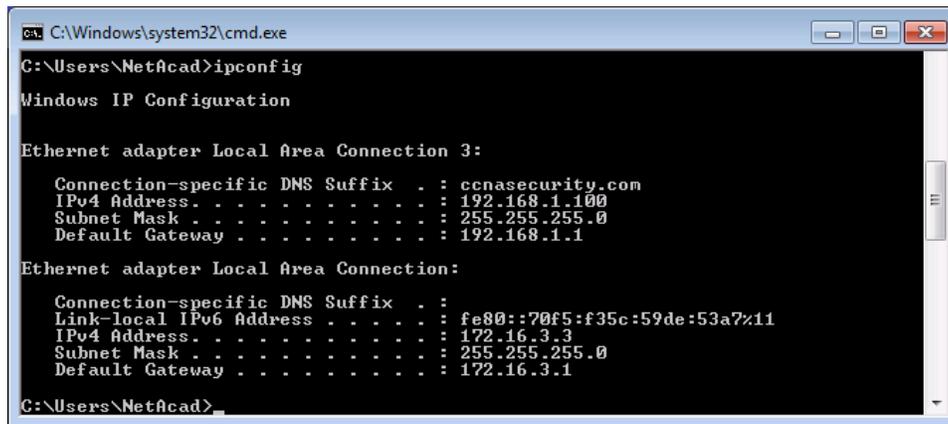
- b. Use the scroll bar on the right side of the Virtual Private Network (VPN) – Statistics tab for additional connection information.



Note: The inside IP address that is assigned to the client from the VPN pool is 192.168.1.100-125.

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

- c. From a command prompt on the remote host PC-C, verify the IP addressing by using the **ipconfig** command. Notice that there are two IP addresses listed. One is for the PC-C remote host local IP address (172.16.3.3) and the other is the IP address assigned to the SSL VPN tunnel (192.168.1.100).



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\NetAcad>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection 3:

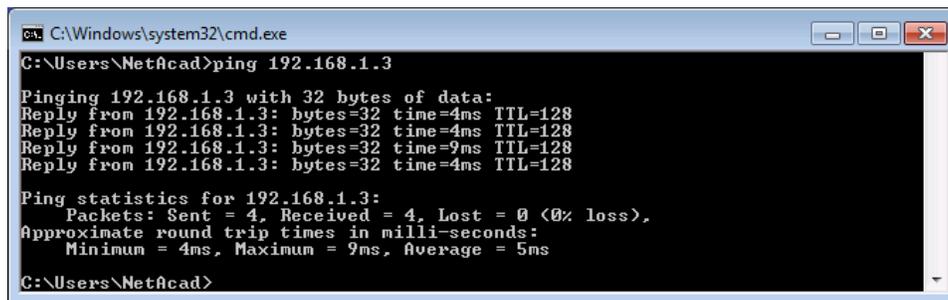
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : cnasecurity.com
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.1.100
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.1.1

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::70f5:f35c:59de:53a7%11
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 172.16.3.3
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 172.16.3.1

C:\Users\NetAcad>
```

- d. From remote host PC-C, ping PC-B (192.168.1.3) to verify connectivity.



```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\NetAcad>ping 192.168.1.3

Pinging 192.168.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=4ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=4ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=9ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=4ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 4ms, Maximum = 9ms, Average = 5ms

C:\Users\NetAcad>
```

Step 6: Use the ASDM Monitor to view the AnyConnect remote user session.

Note: Future SSL VPN sessions can be launched through the web portal or through the installed Cisco AnyConnect SSL VPN client. While the remote user at PC-C is still logged in using the AnyConnect client, you can view the session statistics by using the ASDM monitor.

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

On the ASDM menu bar, click **Monitoring** and then select **VPN > VPN Statistics > Sessions**. Click the **Filter By** pull-down list and select **AnyConnect Client**. You should see the **VPN-User** session logged in from PC-C, which has been assigned an inside network IP address of 192.168.1.100 by the ASA.

Note: You may need to click **Refresh** to display the remote user session.

The screenshot shows the Cisco ASDM 7.4 interface for ASA 192.168.1.1. The navigation pane on the left shows the path: **Monitoring > VPN > VPN Statistics > Sessions**. The main content area displays the following summary table:

Type	Active	Cumulative	Peak Concurrent	Inactive
AnyConnect Client	1	1	1	1
SSL/TLS/DTLS	1	1	1	0
Clientless VPN	0	1	1	1
Browser	0	0	1	1

Below the summary table, the **Filter By** dropdown is set to **AnyConnect Client**. The detailed session table shows one active session:

Username	Group Policy Connection Profile	Assigned IP Address Public IP Address	Protocol Encryption	Login Time Duration
REMOTE-USER	GroupPolicy_AnyConne... AnyConnect-SSL-VPN	192.168.1.100 172.16.3.3	AnyConnect-Parent: SSL-Tunnel DTLS-... AnyConnect-Parent: (L)RC4 SSL-Tun...)	18:59:25 UTC Tue. 0h:03m:05s

The interface also includes buttons for **Details**, **Logout**, and **Ping**. At the bottom, there is a **Refresh** button and a status bar showing "Data Refreshed Successfully." and "Last Updated: 5/5/15 12:05:59 PM".

Reflection

1. Describe at least two benefits of client-based vs. clientless VPNs?

Users have access to the same internal network resources as if they were on the LAN. Client-based VPN solutions, such as AnyConnect, can be configured to automatically download the proper client software based on the client platform characteristics.

2. Describe at least one difference between using SSL compared to IPsec for remote access tunnel encryption?

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

Client-based VPNs can offer a more secure tunnel, if using IPsec, but are somewhat more complex to configure.

Router Interface Summary Table

Router Interface Summary				
Router Model	Ethernet Interface #1	Ethernet Interface #2	Serial Interface #1	Serial Interface #2
1800	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (Fa0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
1900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
2801	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)
2811	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
2900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)

Note: To find out how the router is configured, look at the interfaces to identify the type of router and how many interfaces the router has. There is no way to effectively list all the combinations of configurations for each router class. This table includes identifiers for the possible combinations of Ethernet and Serial interfaces in the device. The table does not include any other type of interface, even though a specific router may contain one. An example of this might be an ISDN BRI interface. The string in parenthesis is the legal abbreviation that can be used in Cisco IOS commands to represent the interface.

Device Configs

ASA 5505 Config – After Part 4 – Clientless VPN

```
CCNAS-ASA# show running-config
```

```
: Saved
:
: Hardware: ASA5505, 512 MB RAM, CPU Geode 500 MHz
:
ASA Version 9.2(3)
!
hostname CCNAS-ASA
domain-name ccnasecurity.com
enable password 9D8jmmmgkfNZLEth encrypted
xlate per-session deny tcp any4 any4
xlate per-session deny tcp any4 any6
xlate per-session deny tcp any6 any4
xlate per-session deny tcp any6 any6
xlate per-session deny udp any4 any4 eq domain
xlate per-session deny udp any4 any6 eq domain
xlate per-session deny udp any6 any4 eq domain
xlate per-session deny udp any6 any6 eq domain
```

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

```
names
ip local pool Remote-Pool 192.168.1.100-192.168.1.125 mask 255.255.255.0
!
interface Ethernet0/0
  switchport access vlan 2
!
interface Ethernet0/1
!
interface Ethernet0/2
  switchport access vlan 3
!
interface Ethernet0/3
  shutdown
!
interface Ethernet0/4
  shutdown
!
interface Ethernet0/5
  shutdown
!
interface Ethernet0/6
  shutdown
!
interface Ethernet0/7
  shutdown
!
interface Vlan1
  nameif inside
  security-level 100
  ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Vlan2
  nameif outside
  security-level 0
  ip address 209.165.200.226 255.255.255.248
!
interface Vlan3
  no forward interface Vlan1
  nameif dmz
  security-level 70
  ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
!
ftp mode passive
dns server-group DefaultDNS
  domain-name ccnasecurity.com
object network inside-net
  subnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
object network dmz-server
  host 192.168.2.3
```

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

```
object network NETWORK_OBJ_192.168.1.96_27
  subnet 192.168.1.96 255.255.255.224
access-list OUTSIDE-DMZ extended permit ip any host 192.168.2.3
pager lines 24
mtu inside 1500
mtu outside 1500
mtu dmz 1500
icmp unreachable rate-limit 1 burst-size 1
no asdm history enable
arp timeout 14400
no arp permit-nonconnected
nat (inside,outside) source static any any destination static
NETWORK_OBJ_192.168.1.96_27 NETWORK_OBJ_192.168.1.96_27 no-proxy-arp route-lookup
!
object network inside-net
  nat (inside,outside) dynamic interface
object network dmz-server
  nat (dmz,outside) static 209.165.200.227
access-group OUTSIDE-DMZ in interface outside
route outside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.165.200.225 1
timeout xlate 3:00:00
timeout pat-xlate 0:00:30
timeout conn 1:00:00 half-closed 0:10:00 udp 0:02:00 icmp 0:00:02
timeout sunrpc 0:10:00 h323 0:05:00 h225 1:00:00 mgcp 0:05:00 mgcp-pat 0:05:00
timeout sip 0:30:00 sip_media 0:02:00 sip-invite 0:03:00 sip-disconnect 0:02:00
timeout sip-provisional-media 0:02:00 uauth 0:05:00 absolute
timeout tcp-proxy-reassembly 0:01:00
timeout floating-conn 0:00:00
dynamic-access-policy-record DfltAccessPolicy
user-identity default-domain LOCAL
aaa authentication telnet console LOCAL
aaa authentication ssh console LOCAL
aaa authentication http console LOCAL
http server enable
http 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 inside
no snmp-server location
no snmp-server contact
crypto ipsec security-association pmtu-aging infinite
crypto ca trustpool policy
telnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 inside
telnet timeout 10
ssh stricthostkeycheck
ssh 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 inside
ssh timeout 10
ssh key-exchange group dh-group1-sha1
console timeout 0

threat-detection basic-threat
threat-detection statistics access-list
```

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

```
no threat-detection statistics tcp-intercept
webvpn
  enable outside
  anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnect-win-4.1.0028-k9.pkg 1
  anyconnect enable
  tunnel-group-list enable
group-policy GroupPolicy_AnyConnect-SSL-VPN internal
group-policy GroupPolicy_AnyConnect-SSL-VPN attributes
  wins-server none
  dns-server value 192.168.2.3
  vpn-tunnel-protocol ssl-client
  default-domain value ccnasecurity.com
username admin01 password UsMZmktANM6Z2Y9I encrypted
username REMOTE-USER password llxyqnhIpZuYtaix encrypted
tunnel-group AnyConnect-SSL-VPN type remote-access
tunnel-group AnyConnect-SSL-VPN general-attributes
  address-pool Remote-Pool
  default-group-policy GroupPolicy_AnyConnect-SSL-VPN
tunnel-group AnyConnect-SSL-VPN webvpn-attributes
  group-alias AnyConnect-SSL-VPN enable
!
class-map inspection_default
  match default-inspection-traffic
!
policy-map type inspect dns preset_dns_map
  parameters
    message-length maximum client auto
    message-length maximum 512
policy-map global_policy
  class inspection_default
    inspect dns preset_dns_map
    inspect ftp
    inspect h323 h225
    inspect h323 ras
    inspect ip-options
    inspect netbios
    inspect rsh
    inspect rtsp
    inspect skinny
    inspect esmtp
    inspect sqlnet
    inspect sunrpc
    inspect tftp
    inspect sip
    inspect xdmcp
    inspect icmp
!
service-policy global_policy global
prompt hostname context
```

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

```
call-home reporting anonymous prompt 2
call-home
  profile CiscoTAC-1
  no active
  destination address http
https://tools.cisco.com/its/service/oddce/services/DDCEService
  destination address email callhome@cisco.com
  destination transport-method http
  subscribe-to-alert-group diagnostic
  subscribe-to-alert-group environment
  subscribe-to-alert-group inventory periodic monthly
  subscribe-to-alert-group configuration periodic monthly
  subscribe-to-alert-group telemetry periodic daily
Cryptochecksum:fcdbd09708c62316445fdae183145b2b
: end
```

Router R1

```
R1# show run
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1694 bytes
!
version 15.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname R1
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
security passwords min-length 10
enable secret 9 $9$40V1VQCgcg5HRU$9JbJ5WpsOTBRm8H1cyIPLqGmTG3t3AFS9bx1I51tsnE
!
no aaa new-model
memory-size iomem 15
!
ip cef
no ipv6 cef
!
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
cts logging verbose
!
username admin01 secret 9
$9$5GtoxBiNfw5p9k$upl/WwRQGzsvRp6m4PWRotilTWCR5G97MxBKnugrW6M
!
redundancy
```

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

```
!  
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0  
no ip address  
shutdown  
!  
interface GigabitEthernet0/0  
ip address 209.165.200.225 255.255.255.248  
duplex auto  
speed auto  
!  
interface GigabitEthernet0/1  
no ip address  
shutdown  
duplex auto  
speed auto  
!  
interface Serial0/0/0  
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.252  
clock rate 2000000  
!  
interface Serial0/0/1  
no ip address  
shutdown  
!  
ip forward-protocol nd  
!  
no ip http server  
no ip http secure-server  
!  
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Serial0/0/0  
!  
control-plane  
!  
line con 0  
exec-timeout 5 0  
logging synchronous  
login local  
line aux 0  
line 2  
no activation-character  
no exec  
transport preferred none  
transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh  
stopbits 1  
line vty 0 4  
exec-timeout 5 0  
logging synchronous  
login local  
transport input telnet
```

```
!  
scheduler allocate 20000 1000  
!  
end
```

Router R2

```
R2# show run  
Building configuration...  
  
Current configuration : 1678 bytes  
!  
version 15.4  
service timestamps debug datetime msec  
service timestamps log datetime msec  
no service password-encryption  
!  
hostname R2  
!  
boot-start-marker  
boot-end-marker  
!  
security passwords min-length 10  
enable secret 9 $9$Nb4BPAMsmT24y.$4bn2kyZCwulndKiaU14531zF4n3ge95hfoFIKrucvpI  
!  
no aaa new-model  
memory-size iomem 15  
!  
ip cef  
no ipv6 cef  
!  
multilink bundle-name authenticated  
!  
cts logging verbose  
!  
username admin01 secret 9  
$9$6PSI5.sujsrgN.$LFz4TeeqS/1FtxvK23Le8jxUAY9sjeedVmyF/PA9sPo  
!  
redundancy  
!  
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0  
no ip address  
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0  
no ip address  
shutdown  
!  
interface GigabitEthernet0/0  
no ip address  
shutdown  
duplex auto
```

```
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface Serial0/0/0
ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.252
!
interface Serial0/0/1
ip address 10.2.2.2 255.255.255.252
clock rate 2000000
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
ip route 172.16.3.0 255.255.255.0 Serial0/0/1
ip route 209.165.200.224 255.255.255.248 Serial0/0/0
!
control-plane
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 5 0
logging synchronous
login local
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
exec-timeout 5 0
logging synchronous
login local
transport input telnet
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
!
end
```

Router R3

```
R3# show run
Building configuration...
```

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

```
Current configuration : 1655 bytes
!
version 15.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname R3
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
security passwords min-length 10
enable secret 9 $9$5Mho73ipFPMgWE$yJiMb2sLFmK1P2mWC1FwuB3gtdlQWqyjhAZNruqHyrk
!
no aaa new-model
memory-size iomem 15
!
ip cef
no ipv6 cef
!
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
cts logging verbose
!
vtp domain TSHOOT
vtp mode transparent
username admin01 secret 9
$9$JXN7EcHDQcdh2k$9qnRjzJxhSGJK3KGF9FOpiZU6HpDCGdWFRUdfg6QIVY
!
redundancy
!
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0
no ip address
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
ip address 172.16.3.1 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface Serial0/0/0
```

Lab - Configure AnyConnect Remote Access SSL VPN Using ASA 5505 ASDM

```
no ip address
shutdown
clock rate 2000000
!
interface Serial0/0/1
ip address 10.2.2.1 255.255.255.252
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
!
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Serial0/0/1
!
control-plane
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 5 0
logging synchronous
login local
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
exec-timeout 5 0
logging synchronous
login local
transport input telnet
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
!
end
```

Switches S1, S2 and S3 – Use default configs, except for host name